

## Manufacturer's CLS Product Information

This form is available in a Microsoft Word version from the ENA's website.

### G100/2 - Form B - Compliance Verification Report for Customer Export or Import Limitation Schemes

This form shall be used by the **Manufacturer** to demonstrate and declare compliance with the requirements of EREC G100. The form can be used in a variety of ways as detailed below:

#### 1. For Fully Type Tested status

The **Manufacturer** can use this form to obtain **Fully Type Tested** status for a **CLS** by registering this completed form with the Energy Networks Association (ENA) Type Test Register.

#### 2. To obtain Type Tested status for a product

The **Manufacturer** can use this form to obtain **Type Tested** status for one or more **Components** which are used in a **CLS** by registering this form with the relevant parts completed with the Energy Networks Association (ENA) Type Test Register.

#### 3. One-off Installation

The **Installer** can use this form to confirm that the **CLS** has been tested to satisfy the requirements of this EREC G100. This form shall be submitted to the **DNO** before commissioning.

A combination of (2) and (3) can be used as required, together with Form C where compliance of the **CLS** is to be demonstrated on site.

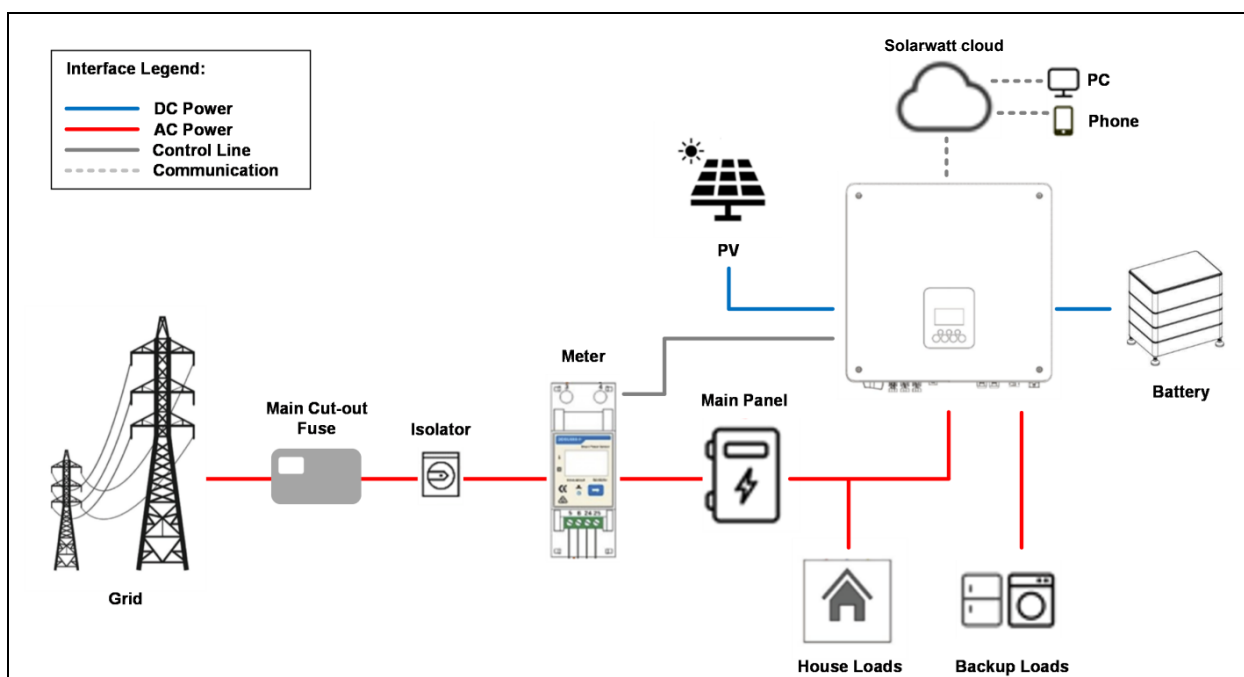
Note:

If the **CLS** is **Fully Type Tested** and registered with the Energy Networks Association (ENA) Type Test Register, Form C shall include the **Manufacturer's** reference number (the Type Test Register system reference), and this form does not need to be submitted.

Where the **CLS** is not registered with the ENA Type Test Register or is not **Fully Type Tested** this form (all or in parts as applicable) shall be completed and provided to the **DNO**, to confirm that the **CLS** has been tested to satisfy all or part of the requirements of this EREC G100.

<b>CLS Designation</b>			
<b>Manufacturer name</b>		SOLARWATT GmbH	
Address		Maria-Reiche-Straße 2a 01109 Dresden Germany	
Tel	+49-351-4676-1000	Web site	www.solarwatt.de
Email	sven.schwarz@solarwatt.com		
<b>Installer's name</b>			
Address			
Tel		Web site	
Email			

Export/Import capabilities			
Export	Y	Import	Y
Description of Operation			
<p>EREC G100 section 4.2 requires a description of the <b>CLS</b>, and schematic diagram, to be provided to the <b>Customer</b>. Please provide that description and the diagram here.</p> <p>The SOLARWATT CLS solution is an end to end energy management solution, which consists of monitoring meter, inverter, Solarwatt/Mobile APP and protection circuits such as fuse or breaker. Inverter is a main component for communicating with both generation, load devices and monitoring meter.</p> <p><u>SOLARWATT CLS Controls &amp; Settings</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>SOLARWATT Monitoring Meter</b> : The grid data is sampled in real-time by the monitoring meter. The CLS system ensures that all the potential import/ export energy flows are captured and self-controlled within the required DNO requirements (import/export limit).</li> <li><b>SOLARWATT Control Response Times</b>: The SOLARWATT CLS response time are compliant to the G100 2<sup>nd</sup> amendment time harmonization requirement fixes and will tether the applicable import / export elements to ensure no excursion into State 2 is greater than 15 seconds.</li> <li><b>SOLARWATT State 1, 2 &amp; 3</b>: SOLARWATT's solution meets the requirements (timing and allowable number of excursions) for state 1, 2 and 3 requirements, as mentioned in the G100 2<sup>nd</sup> amendment policy.</li> <li><b>SOLARWATT Interrogation &amp; Data</b>: SOLARWATT's solution captures all control, power and current data which is presented in real-time via an HMI (Human Machine Interface) both on site and off site which enables multi-tier extensive data interrogation (by either installer or manufacturer).</li> </ol> <p>State 1: normal operation The inverter interacts with the data sampled by the monitoring meter and the inverter regulates itself to ensure that the output or inlet data is within the required range.</p> <p>State 2: Occasional Excursion When the device enters state 2 due to load or other reasons, the inverter is quickly adjusted to return to state 1 within 15 seconds by the monitoring meter.</p> <p>State 3: Failed State When the communication line is interrupted, the control unit loses power, the grid voltage is greater than 257.6V, etc., the inverter will stop output within 5s until the installer or fabricator confirms with the user that the operating environment of the equipment meets the requirements and then restarts operation.</p> <p><u>Customer connection scheme</u></p> <p>Single Inverter</p>			



No.	Product type	Product number
1	Inverter	Inverter vision one 1.0 (3.0 kW), Inverter vision one 1.0 (3.7 kW), Inverter vision one 1.0 (4.6 kW), Inverter vision one 1.0 (5.0 kW), Inverter vision one 1.0 (6.0 kW)
2	Monitoring Meter	Chint DDTU666
3	Battery	Battery vision two 1.0, Battery vision three 1.0, Battery vision four 1.0, Battery vision five 1.0, Battery vision six 1.0, Battery vision seven 1.0

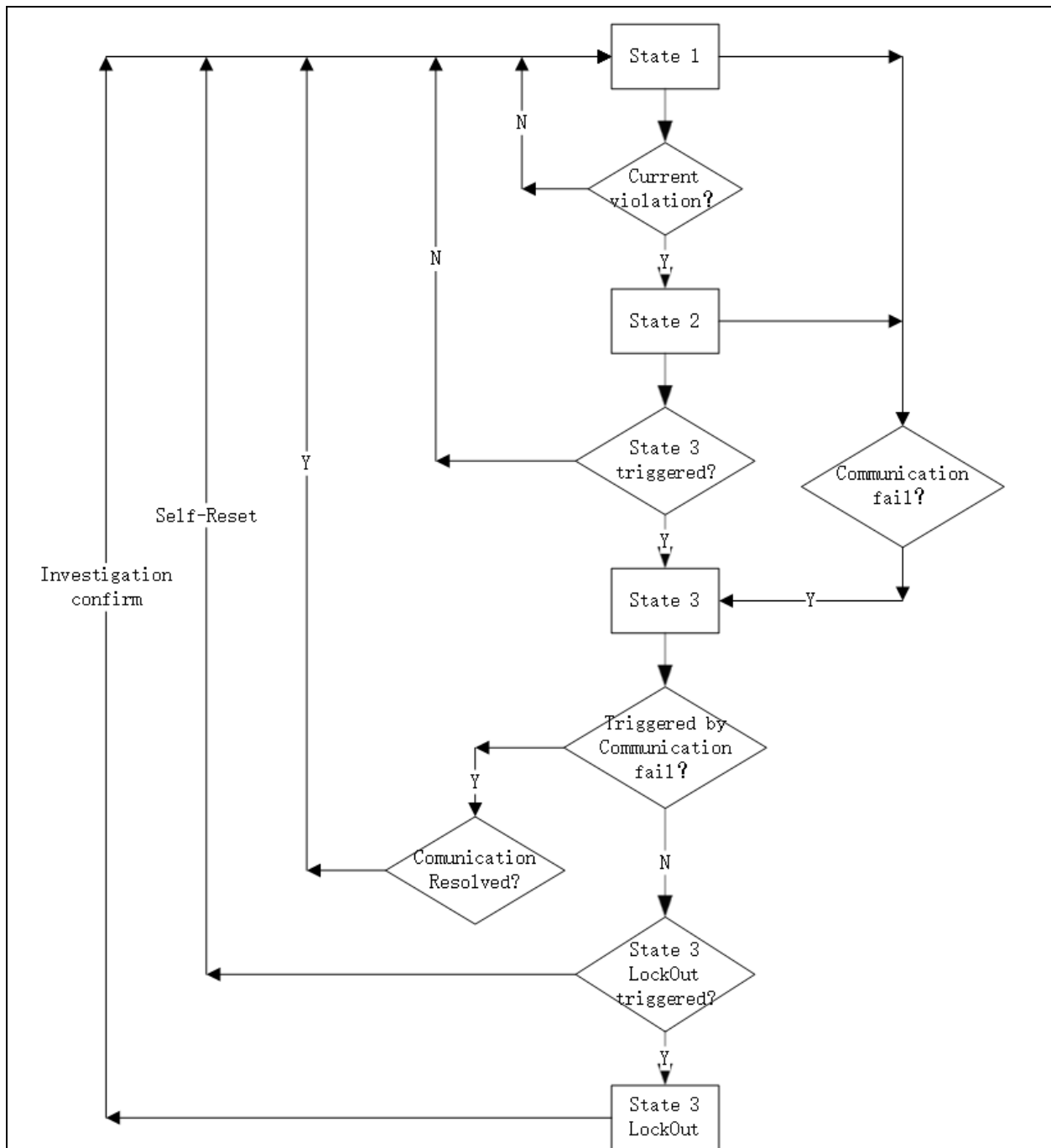
## Communications Media

Document the provisions made for the use of various communication media, and both the inherent characteristics and the design steps made to ensure security and reliability.

The SOLARWATT's solution CLS Internal communications: All the components of the CLS as part of the solution use the following:

- SOLARWATT's solution CLS Internal Communications: All the component parts within the Solution:  
CLS system use a combination of:
  - Hard-wired serial Modbus RTU
  - Hard-wired wired communication (LAN)
  - Hard-wired serial dedicated protocol (over RS485)
  - Hard-wired dedicated CT
  - Standardized wireless communication (Wi-Fi/4G)
- Local Network Communications: All units that complete the CLS system are connected via hard-wired and dedicated communication cables (Ethernet RJ45). No 3rd party equipment is connected to this device to ensure that the system is a ring-fenced network.
- Remote communications: SOLARWATT's solution has the option to communicate remotely via local Lan/Wi-Fi or via 4G communication module installed with in the inverter. The password is stored and protected.

<b>Cyber Security</b>
<p>Confirm that the <b>Manufacturer</b> or <b>Installer</b> of the <b>CLS</b> has provided a statement describing how the <b>CLS</b> has been designed to comply with cyber security requirements, as detailed in section 4.7.</p>
<p>We SOLARWATT GmbH declare that G100 certified products, And the variant models to be included in the certification, Are in compliance with Cyber security requirements in accordance with the standards:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>ENA_EREC_G99_Issue_1</i></li> <li>• <i>ENA_EREC_G98_Issue_1</i></li> <li>• ETSI EN 303 645;</li> <li>• PAS 1879 “Energy smart appliances – Demand side response operation – Code of practice”;</li> </ul> <p>Please also refer to the documents provided (SOLARWATT Declaration _Cyber and Information Security ).</p>
<b>Power Quality Requirements</b>
<p>Where the <b>CLS</b> includes the power electronics that controls generation or loads (as opposed to the power electronics being included in <b>Devices</b> that are subject to their own power quality compliance requirements) please submit the harmonic and disturbance information here as required by EREC G5 and EREC P28.</p>
<p>SOLARWATT GmbH confirms that SOLARWATT’s solution CLS comply with the relevant harmonic standards which has been tested for and for which relevant harmonic data has been provided as required for G98 and G99 testing (submitted to the ENA type test register) and including G5 and P28.</p>
<b>Fail Safe</b>
<p><b>CLS</b> internal failure: please submit here the description of the internal <b>Fail-Safe</b> design and operation. Please also document how it has been demonstrated, including the non-volatile recording of times and numbers of state 2 operations, and confirm the overall response of the <b>CLS</b> to this internal failure.</p>
<p><u>Fail safe design and operation</u></p>



#### SOLARWATT G100 Fail Safe Compliance

SOLARWATT G100 CLS was designed with a fail-safe mechanism according to G100 section 4.5. Therefore, the SOLARWATT system design ensures that it will limit the imported/exported current at the site to the DNO's agreed limit(s).

All the components in the SOLARWATT system are either wired or wireless and are registered by the CLS. At the commissioning process the device is registered as a generation/non generation device. In the event of a detected failure the system will operate the Fail-safe mechanism by reducing the inverter to zero immediately according to the table above.

Communication and power supply failures between <b>Components</b> and <b>Devices</b> . Please document here compliance with EREC G100 section 5.5.		
Component/Device number/description	Communication failure test	Power supply failure test
Monitoring meter	PASS	PASS
Inverter	PASS	PASS
Communication cable	PASS	-

Operational Tests						
In accordance with EREC G100 section 5.6 undertake the tests A to B to confirm correct operation in state 1 and state 2, that transition into state 3 occurs as required, and that behaviour in state 3 is also as required.						
Test A						
Nominal Export Limit (for type tests this will be at maximum, minimum and one intermediate setting) in Amp:					20A	
Nominal Import Limit (for type tests this will be at maximum, minimum and one intermediate setting) in Amp:					20A	
No	Starting level	Step value	CLS registers change in level?	CLS and/or Component and/or Device initiates correct response of $\geq 5\%$ ?	Duration of step in test	Correct state 1/ state 2 operation
1	Below export limit (EL)	105% of EL	Yes. Correct power level shown and CLS allows system to sit in "state 2" state. State 2 Export excursion counter increases by 1	Yes	58s	state: 1 > 2 > 1
2	Below export limit (EL)	110% of EL	Yes. See above.	Yes	58s	state: 1 > 2 > 1
3	Below export limit (EL)	120% of EL	Yes. See above.	Yes	58s	state: 1 > 2 > 1

4	Below Import limit (IL)	105% of IL	Yes. Correct power level shown and CLS allows system to sit in “state 2 “state.  State 2 Import excursion counter increases by 1	Yes	58s	state: 1 > 2 > 1
5	Below Import limit (IL)	105% of IL	Yes. See above.	Yes	58s	state: 1 > 2 > 1
6	Below Import limit (IL)	105% of IL	Yes. See above.	Yes	58s	state: 1 > 2 > 1

Test B						
Nominal Export Limit:						20A
Nominal Import Limit						20A
No	Starting level	Step value	CLS registers change in level?	CLS and/or Component and/or Device initiates correct response of $\geq 5\%$ ?	Duration of step in test	Correct state 3 operation
7	Below export limit (EL)	105 % of EL	Yes. Correct power level shown and CLS allows system to sit in “state 2 ” state until 61 seconds when system reduces the inverter to zero and enters “State 3”. State 2 Export excursion counter increases by 1. State 2 Export trip counter increases by 1 State 3 counter increases by 1	Yes	62s	state: 1 > 2 > 3
8	Below export limit (IL)	105 % of IL	Yes. Correct power level shown and CLS allows system to sit in “state 2” state until 61 seconds when system reduces the inverter to zero and enters “State 3”. State 2 Import excursion counter increases by 1. State 2 Import trip counter increases by 1 State 3 counter increases by 1	Yes	62s	state: 1 > 2 > 3

Test C						
Nominal Voltage						V=Vn
No	Starting voltage	Step value	CLS registers change in voltage?	CLS and/or Component and/or Device initiates correct response?	Duration of step in test	Correct state operation
9	100%Vn	112 %Vn	Yes. Correct voltage level shown and CLS allows system to sit at voltage level for stated duration. Overvoltage excursion counter increases by 1 to show that voltage has exceeded limit yet not tripped.	Yes	58s	state: 1>2 >1
10	100%Vn	112 %Vn	Yes. Correct voltage level shown and CLS allows system to sit in “state 2 ” state until 61 seconds when system reduces the inverter to zero and enters “State 3”. Overvoltage excursion counter increases by 1. Overvoltage state 2 trip counter increases by 1 State 3 counter increases by 1	Yes	62s	state: 1>2 >3

Test D						
Nominal Voltage						V=Vn
No	Starting voltage	Step value	CLS registers change in voltage?	CLS and/or Component and/or Device initiates correct response?	Duration of step in test	Correct state operation
11	100%Vn	87% Vn	Yes. Correct voltage level shown and CLS allows system to sit at voltage level for stated duration. Undervoltage excursion counter increases by 1 to show that voltage has gone below limit yet not tripped.	Yes	58s	state: 1>2 >1
12	100%Vn	87% Vn	Yes. Correct voltage level shown and CLS allows system to sit in “state 2 ” state until 61 seconds when system reduces the inverter to zero and enters State 3. Undervoltage excursion counter increases by 1. Undervoltage state 2 trip counter increases by 1 State 3 counter increases by 1	Yes	62s	state: 1>2 >3

### State 3 Reset

These tests are to demonstrate compliance with section EREC G100 4.5.2.

Please document how the reset from state 3 to state 1 has been demonstrated. Please include how the reset is achieved.

Please confirm that for **CLSs** to be installed in **Domestic installations** three (3) resets causes lockout or that for non-domestic installations lockout can only be reset after four hours. Please explain how lockout is reset.

1. "State 3" is triggered, then the system will show "State 3" on the main metering HMI. it can be reset by the user
2. After 3 times reset by the user, System state "State 3 Lockout" will be triggered.
3. Expert investigation has ended successfully.
4. CLS changes system state to "State 1" and sends commands to Generation devices.
5. CLS Clears all G100 related events from its memory due to investigations.
6. Devices receive the command and enter their Normal Operational Mode.
7. CLS logs the state change.
8. CLS sends generated event to "Cloud".
9. CLS sends an alert to a User Interface that the system is in "State 1".